

W. Va.

Pocahontas County,

Town of Durbin.

Mountainous on E. S. and W. narrow valleys N. and S. along Greenbrier River, which marks S. boundary; fertile narrow valleys reaching back into the hills, area 5 sq. miles; population 1000.

Hills wooded, pine and maple, scrub oak numerous; pasture and sheep grazing, clear running brooks, trout plentiful, (April, May and June).

Named for Charles Durbin, who originally owned all the land. The town was incorporated 1906.

U. S. 250 enters E. W. at West Durbin crossing W. branch of Greenbrier, well designed bridge and approach view from Cheat Mt. above town. Branch lines of the Chesapeake and Ohio and Western Maryland R. R. parallels W. branch of Greenbrier River freight and passenger. U. S. Forest Service Ranger Station Greenbrier Dist. located in center of the town. All hunting and fishing information gratis. Large graded school. Mc. Ep. and M. E. So. churches. Pocahontas Tanning Co., (largest in the world). Frank is the Post Office for Tanning Co. Wilmoth and Durbin Hotels.

Following U. S. 250 one mile from Durbin and Frank is the small town of Bartow. Named for Gen. Bartow, a Confederate general who was killed at the first battle of Bull Run. On December 14, 1861 the battle of Bartow was fought.

This was a minor battle of the Civil War.

Here the road forks at the foot of Allegheny Mt. U. S. 250 crosses State 28. (U. S. 250 is the Old Staunton and Parkersburg Turnpike, State 28 is the Old GreenBank Road). Travelers Repose, the home of B. B. Beard, located here, used to be a Tavern where the stage coaches changed horses. Driving over 250, (a new hard surface road) is a beautiful mountainous drive for 17 mile to Va. State line.

At the forks of the road, if one wishes you can follow the original Staunton and Parkersburg Turnpike for nine miles. The old road is still used as rural mail route for Staunton to Durbin mail. At top of the mountain is the old Dunkard Church, built in 1900. One of the peculiarities of the church, is the pulpit is placed just inside the door and the congregation faces the entrance of the church.

Opposite the church is an old battlefield. Here the Allegheny Mt. battle was fought Dec. 13, 1861. The Confederates had a winter camp on top the mountain for five months with Gen. W. W. Loring and Col. Edward Johnston in command. You can see piles of stones placed at regular intervals which represent the chimneys of the log cabins, where the soldiers were quartered. Trenches, fortifications and graves of the soldiers, which are now just mounds no markers, can be seen. The land is now used for pasture.

Coming back to the forks of the road State 28 follows the E. branch of the Greenbrier River. Three miles from Travelers Repose is a permanent C. C. C. Camp. Camp Thornood. (Camp No. 1-6). The young men in this camp assist in the care of Greenbrier Division of the Monongalia National Forest. This is an

✓
example of a model camp.

Five miles from the camp is the Smoke Camp Tower, named
by Gary Hammond. The government road from camp to tower is called
Long Run and Smoke Creek Road. Continuing on State 28
you drive through the National Forest to Pendleton County line.

Felix Barrett.